

### SALES PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL HANDBOOK



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The VARTA Microbattery lithium manganese dioxide cell chemistry was one of the first solid cathode cells commercially developed and is still the most widely used system today. These cells offer an excellent shelf life, good high-rate and low-rate capability, a wide operating temperature range and availability in button and cylindrical cell designs. Potential design-in applications for these products are electronic, telecommunication, metering, instrumentation, office and other portable equipment use. Based on the outstanding cell performance and reliability of these products, they have been able to meet and exceed the requirements of our customer base worldwide.

### Advantages for VARTA Microbattery Li-MnO<sub>2</sub> Cells

- High open circuit and load voltage (above 3.0 volts per cell)
- High energy density (400 Wh/kg and 600 Wh/l)
- High capacity and high rate cell construction
- Operation over a wide temperature range
- Flat discharge profile under low to medium rate applications
- Low self discharge (less than 1% per year at RT)
- Superior shelf life and operational life (Up to 10 years and more)
- UL Recognition
- Ability to provide a variety of laser welded termination tabs for all cell types

#### **Energy Density for Primary Systems**

#### FIG. 1

Comparison of different primary battery systems

- A = Lithium B = Silver-oxide C = Alkaline
- D = Zinc-chloride



### **1.1 CONSTRUCTIONS OF LITHIUM CELLS**

VARTA Microbattery offers a complete range of primary lithium manganese dioxide cylindrical and button cells for memory backup and portable applications worldwide. The cylindrical cell configurations offer the high-capacity bobbin construction and high-power spirally wound product. The bobbin construction is targeted at low to moderate power requirements, dedicated for applications requiring up to a 10 years operational life at 20°C. Our spirally wound electrode product offers high-rate discharge capability, with an operational life in excess of 5 years.

For compact and light weight equipment use we have a complete range of high performance primary lithium button cells.

### Lithium Cylindrical Batteries

FIG. 2 – BOBBIN CONSTRUCTION Schematic construction of a  $Li/MnO_2$  cylindrical cell (CR 1/2 AA).



FIG. 3 – SPIRAL CONSTRUCTION Schematic construction of a Li/MnO<sub>2</sub> cylindrical cell (CR 1/2 AA).



Lithium Button Cells FIG. 4 Schematic construction of a Li/MnO<sub>2</sub> Button Cell



Sealing Technologies FIG. 5 – CRIMP-SEALING CR High Power Cylindrical Cells



FIG. 6 – LASER-SEALING CR High Capacity Cylindrical Cells



### **1.2 CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATIONS**

#### Main Applications

Both mechanical and electrical properties, together with reliability, ensure that VARTA Microbattery lithium batteries meet the requirements of modern electronics.

#### Main Characteristics

- Long life expectancy and long operational life
- Low self discharge rate
- High energy density
- High cell voltage (3V)
- Wide temperature range

#### **Temperature characteristics**

#### FIG. 7

Temperature characteristics of CR 1/2 AA and CR AA cylindrical cells (Load: 5.6 kΩ CR AA, 12 kΩ CR 1/2 AA)

A	=	-40°C
В	=	+80°C
С	=	+60°C
D	=	-20°C
F	=	+23°C

They are therefore ideally suited as power sources for the long term supply of microelectronic circuitry.

- High operating safety
- High reliability
- Resistance to corrosion with stainless steel case
- No leakage problems with an organic non-corrosive electrolyte



C = +60°C	
D = -20°C	
E = +23°C	

#### System properties of Varta Microbattery Lithium Cells

S er le S S	CR Series Cylindrical Cells	CR Series Button Cells Cells
System	Li/MnO <sub>2</sub>	Li/MnO <sub>2</sub>
Gravimetric energy density	250-300 Wh/kg	250-300 Wh/kg
Nominal voltage	3.0 V	3.0 V
Open circuit voltage	3.2 V	3.2 V
Available capacity range	950-2000 mAh	25-560 mAh
Storage life	∆10 years <sup>1)</sup>	∆5 years <sup>1)</sup>
Self discharge d=20 °C	<1% p.a.	<1% p.a.
Operating temperature	-30 +75°C <sup>2)</sup>	-20 +65°C
Maximum temperature		
range (short term) <sup>3)</sup>	-40 +80°C <sup>4</sup> )	-40 +80 °C <sup>4)</sup>
Storage temperature <sup>5)</sup>	-55 +75°C <sup>2)</sup>	-55+70°C

TAB. 1

1) CR 2/3 AH, CR 2, (>5 years)

<sup>2)</sup> CR 2/3 AH (-20 ... +65°C)

3) max. two weeks

4) µA-range 5) Recommended room temperature

### **1.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PRIMARY LITHIUM CELLS**

ي د	Button Cells		Cylindrical Cells (Sp	irally wound)	Cylindrical Cells (Bo	obbin construction)
Applications	Main power source	Memory backup	Main power source	Memory backup	Main power source	Memory backup
Telecommunications	I					-
Std. Telephone		+		+		+
Cordless Telephone		+		+		+
Cellular Telephone		+				
Mobile Radio		+		+		+
PABX				+		+
Utility Meters						
Gas Meter			+		+	
Heat Distribution Meter					+	
Electric Meter					+	
Water Meter			+		+	
Office Automation						
Computer		+				+
Copy Machine				+		+
Printer		+				
Fax		+				
Vending Machine		+				
Electronic Typewriter		+				
Process Control Equipment						
Taxi Meter		+				
Transponder			+			
Intelligent Tagging	+					
Electric Parking Meter			+		+	
Data Logger						+
Dive Computer					+	
Consumer Products						
Electronic Games	+					
Watch / Clock	+		+			+
Calculator	+					
Compass				+		+
Car Radio		+				
Video Recorder		+				
Automotive						
Car lock system	+					
Dashboard	+	+				
Security		+				

TAB. 2 Application list

### **1.4 SELECTION GUIDE**

# To enable battery selection the following is required:

- discharge current and maximum discharge time
  - capacity
- operating temperature range
- self discharge
- surplus capacity requirement
- cell size

#### FIG. 8

CAPACITY RETENTION Capacity retention characteristics of VARTA Microbattery Lithium Cells Cylindrical Cells CR...AA and CR...A









## 2. CR PRIMARY LITHIUM BUTTON CELLS



### 2.1 TYPES – TECHNICAL DATA





CR 1616







CR 1216

CR 2016

CR 2025

CR 2032

CR 2450

Type	Order No.	Nominal voltage (V)	Typical capacity <sup>1</sup> ) (mAh)	Standard Ioad (kΩ)	Max. discharge current (continuous) (mA)	Max. discharge current (pulse) (mA)	Weight (g)
CR 1/3 N	6131 101 501	3	170	5.6	20	80	3.0
2 CR 1/3 N (p 28 pxl)	6231 210 501	6	170	13	20	80	8.8
CR 1216	6216 101 501	3	27	39	2	5	0.7
CR 1220	6220 101 501	3	35	39	2	5	0.8
CR 1616	6616 101 501	3	55	39	3	8	1.2
CR 1620	6620 101 501	3	70	20	3	8	1.2
CR 2016	6016 101 501	3	90	15	3	10	1.8
CR 2025	6025 101 501	3	165	10	3	10	2.5
CR 2032	6032 101 501	3	230	5.6	3	10	3.0
CR 2430	6430 101 501	3	280	5.6	3	20	4.0
CR 2450	6450 101 501	3	560	5.6	2	20	6.2

TAB. 3

Technical data, CR Primary Lithium Button Cells 1) Nominal capacity is determined to an end voltage of 2.0 V (type 2 CR 1/3 N: 4.0 V) when the battery is allowed to discharge at standard load level at 20°C

## 2.2 ASSEMBLIES



CR 1/3 N

Type	Order No.	٩	m	υ	٥	ш	L	U	т	-	×	-	Fig. No.	Remarks
CR 1/3 N	6131 101 501	11.6	10.8	0.4	-	7.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-
CR 1/3 N SLF	6131 201 501	13.0	1.0	10.0	1.0 ±0.3	11.5 ±0.5	12.0 ±0.15	-	1.0 ±0.3	3.0	-	-	14	tag 0.25 mm
CR 1/3 N LF	6131 301 501	-	-	-	-	11.5	12.0	-	-	-	19.0	4.0	13	tag 0.25 mm 180°
2 CR 1/3 N (p 28 pxl)	6231 210 501	13.0	25.1	1.1	0.6	5.5	6.0	-	-	-	-	-	12	-
3 CR 1/3 N	6331 101 501	12.2	32.2	0.4	-	7.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-

TAB. 4 Tag material: nickel plated sheet-steel. SLF: tip tinned. Custom made assemblies are available on request for large volume.















FIG. 12

FIG. 13 LF

FIG. 14 SLF

Type	Order No.	A	B	υ	٥	ш	Ľ	U	т	-	¥	L	Fig. No.	Remarks
CR 1216	6216 101 501	12.5	1.6	0.2	-	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
CR 1220	6220 101 501	12.5	2.0	0.3	-	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
CR 1616	6616 101 501	16.0	1.6	0.2	-	12.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
CR 1620	6620 101 501	16.0	2.0	0.02	-	12.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
CR 2016	6016 101 501	20.0	1.6	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
CR 2016 SLF	6016 201 501	21.3	1.0	10.0 ±0.15	1.0 ±0.3	2.1 ±0.5	20.3 ±0.15	-	1.0 ±0.3	4.5	-	-	16	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2016 LF	6016 301 501	20.0	-	-	-	1.9	20.0	-	-	-	10.0	4.0	17	tag 0.15 mm
CR 2016 PCB	6016 401 501	20.0	1.0	10.0	9.1	1.6	17.8	7.3	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	18	tag 0.15 mm
CR 2016 SMT	6016 301 012	20.5	3.5	1.8	3.0	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CR 2025	6025 101 501	20.0	2.5	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
CR 2025 SLF	6025 201 501	21.3	1.0	10.0 ±0.2	1.0 ±0.3	3.0 ±0.5	20.3 ±0.15	-	1.0 ±0.3	4.5	-	-	16	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2025 LF	6025 301 501	20.0	-	-	-	2.8	20.3	-	-	-	10.0	4.0	17	tag 0.15 mm
CR 2025 PCB	6025 401 501	20.0	1.0	10.0	10.0	2.5	17.8	7.3	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	18	tag 0.15 mm

TAB. 5.1 Tag material: nickel plated sheet-steel. SLF: tip tinned. Custom made assemblies are available on request for large volume.









FIG. 15

FIG. 16 SLF

FIG. 17 LF

FIG. 18 PCB 3

Туре	Order No.	4	ß	U		ш	Ľ	U	т	-	×	-	Fig. No.	Remarks
CR 2032	6032 101 501	20.0	3.2	0.02	-	16.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
CR 2032 SLF	6032 201 501	21.5	1.0	10.0	1.0	4.2	20.3	-	1.0	4.5	-	-	16	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2032 LF	6032 301 501	-	-	-	-	3.2	20.3	-	-	-	10	4.0	17	tag 0.15 mm
CR 2032 PCB 3	6032 401 501	20.0	1.0	10.0	11.0	3.2	17.8	7.5	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	18	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2032 PCB 2	6032 701 501	20.0	1.0	-	11.0	3.2	17.8	7.3	10.0	4.5	10.0	-	19	tag 0.20 mm
CR 2032 WC <sup>1)</sup>	6032 101 013	20.7	-	-	-	5.5	30.0	-	-	-	96.0	2.0	20	tag 0.20 mm <sup>2)</sup>
CR 2032 SMT	6032 301 012	20.0	7.0	2.8	5.0	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-
CR 2430	6430 101 501	24.5	3.0	0.3	-	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
CR 2430 SLF	6430 201 501	25.8	1.0	10.0	1.0	4.0	25.0	-	1.0	4.5	-	-	16	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2430 LF	6430 301 501	-	-	-	-	3.2	25.0	-	-	-	10.0	4.0	17	tag 0.15 mm
CR 2430 PCB 3	6430 401 501	24.5	1.0	10.0	11.0	3.0	17.8	7.5	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	18	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2430 PCB 2	6430 701 501	24.5	1.0	-	11.0	3.0	20.0	7.5	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	19	tag 0.20 mm
CR 2430 SMT	6430 301 012	24.5	5.2	4.0	5.0	3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-
CR 2450	6450 101 501	24.7	5.0	0.5	-	21.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
CR 2450 SLF	6450 201 501	25.8	1.0	10.0	1.0	6.0	25.0	-	1.0	4.5	-	-	16	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2450 PCB 3	6450 401 501	24.5	1.0	10.0	13.2	5.0	17.8	7.5	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	18	tag 0.25 mm
CR 2450 PCB 2	6450 701 501	24.7	1.0	-	12.7	5.0	17.8	7.5	10.0	4.5	11.4	-	19	tag 0.20 mm
CR 2450 SMT	6450 301 012	24.5	4.5	2.8	3.5	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-

 TAB. 5.2

 Tag material: nickel plated sheet-steel. SLF: tip tinned.

 <sup>1)</sup> using Molex 51021-03 connector (Other wire connectors and wire length are available on request.)

 <sup>2)</sup> in shrink sleeve with wire and connector Custom made assemblies are available on request for large volume.



FIG. 19 PCB 2















### 2.3 PERFORMANCE DATA

FIG. 22 – CR 1216 Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 23 – CR 1216 Temperature characteristics Constant load 39 k $\Omega$ 



FIG. 24 – **CR 1216** Operating voltage vs. current drain Voltage at 50% discharge



FIG. 25 – CR 1216 Cell capacity vs. discharge current



FIG. 26 – CR 2016 Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 27 – **CR 2016** Temperature characteristics Constant load 15 k $\Omega$ 

FIG. 28 – **CR 2016** Operating voltage vs. current drain Voltage at 50% discharge

3.5 3.0 70°C 23°C 2.5 -20°C VOLTAGE [V] 2.0 1.5 0 100 200 300 400 500 TIME [h]







FIG. 30 – CR 2025 Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 31 – CR 2025 Temperature characteristics Constant load 10 k $\Omega$ 



FIG. 32 – **CR 2025** Operating voltage vs. current drain Voltage at 50 % discharge



FIG. 33 – CR 2025 Cell capacity vs. discharge current



FIG. 34 – **CR 2032** Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 35 – CR 2032 Temperature characteristics Constant load 5.6  $k\Omega$ 

3.5 3.0 70°C 23°C 2.5 -20°C VOLTAGE [V] 2.0 1.5 0 100 200 300 400 500 TIME [h]

FIG. 36 – **CR 2032** Operating voltage vs. current drain Voltage at 50 % discharge



FIG. 37 – **CR 2032** Cell capacity vs. discharge current



 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{FiG. 38} - \mbox{CR 2430} \\ \mbox{Load:} & \mbox{cont. 5.6 k} \Omega : \mbox{U}_b \\ \mbox{Pulse:} & 2 \mbox{s/2 h 390 } \Omega : \mbox{U}_t \\ & \mbox{(parallel)} \\ \mbox{Internal Resistance Ri calculated from} \\ \mbox{Ub and Ut at Rt} = \mbox{390 } \Omega \mbox{ and } \mbox{T}_t = \mbox{2s} \\ \mbox{Temperature:} & \mbox{d} = \mbox{20^{\circ}C} \end{array}$ 



FIG. 39 - CR 2430	)
Load:	cont. 5.6 kΩ (B)
	cont. 15 kΩ (B)
	cont. 270 kΩ (A)
Mean discharge	I <sub>1</sub> = 400 μA
current:	I <sub>2</sub> = 180 μA
	I <sub>3</sub> = 10 μA
Temperature:	d = 20°C

4.0 3.5 3.0 15 kΩ [B] VOLTAGE U [V] 2.5 270 kΩ [A 2.0 5.6 kΩ [B] 1.5 2000 100 6000 300 10000 500 14000 700 18000 900 22000 1100 [A] [B] DISCHARGE TIME t [h]

FIG. 40 – CR 2430 Discharge curves at different temperatures Load: cont. R = 15 k $\Omega$ Mean discharge current at temperature: d = 0°C ~175 µA d = -10°C ~170 µA d = -20°C ~155 µA





### 3. CR HIGH CAPACITY PRIMARY LITHIUM CYLINDRICAL CELLS



### 3.1 TYPES – TECHNICAL DATA



Туре	Order No.	Nominal voltage (V)	Nominal capacity at 20°C, down to 2.0 V, load (mAh)	Max. continuous discharge current (mA)	Weight (g)
CR 1/2 AA	6127 101 301	3	950 mAh-5.6 kΩ	10	11.5
CR 2/3 AA	6237 101 301	3	1.350 mAh-1.0 kΩ	15	15.0
CR AA	6117 101 301	3	2.000 mAh-1.0 kΩ	20	21.5
CR 2/3 A	6238 101 301	3	1.350 mAh-1.0 kΩ	15	17.0

TAB. 6 Technical data, CR High Capacity Primary Lithium Cylindrical Cells



AFIG .42





E ¥ ▲

G



FIG. 43

Λ

В

¥

FIG. 44





AFIG. 46

FIG. 47

### 3.2 ASSEMBLIES

Type	Order No.	A (Max.)	ß	υ	0	ш	Ľ	U	T	-	¥	-	Σ	Fig. No.	Tags
CR 1/2 AA	6127 101 301	14.75	25.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.0	0.6	42	
CR 1/2 AA SLF	6127 201 301	14.75	25.2	10.0	1.0	1.0	-	25.4	-	3.0	5.0	-	-	43	
CR 1/2 AA LF	6127 301 301	14.75	25.2	10.0	-	3.5	2.1	25.4	2.5	-	-	-	-	44	
CR 1/2 AA CD	6127 501 301	14.75	25.4	45.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	
CR 1/2 AA CD	6127 601 301	14.75	25.4	-	7.5	-	-	33.5	-	-	-	-	-	48	(90°)
CR 1/2 AA SLF	6127 701 301	14.75	25.2	-	1.0	1.0	-	25.4	-	3.0	-	-	-	45	single pin
CR 1/2 AA LF	6127 801 301	14.75	25.2	14.5	-	3.0	-	25.4	-	-	-	-	-	47	(180°)
CR 1/2 AA SLF	6127 901 301	14.75	25.2	-	-	1.0	-	25.4	-	3.0	-	-	-	46	short pin
CR 1/2 AA TP	6127 601 381	14.75	25.2	16.5	-	0.64	-	25.8		-	-	-	-	50	terminal pin
CR 1/2 AA WC <sup>1</sup> )	6127 201 390	17.5	27.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	wire &
															connector
CR 2/3 AA	6237 101 301	14.75	33.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.0	0.6	42	
CR 2/3 AA SLF	6237 201 301	14.75	33.5	10.0	1.0	1.0	-	33.7	-	3.0	5.0	-	-	43	
CR 2/3 AA LF	6237 301 301	14.75	33.5	10.0	-	3.5	2.1	33.7	2.5	-	-	-	-	44	
CR 2/3 AA CD	6237 501 301	14.75	33.5	45.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	
CR 2/3 AA SLF	6237 701 301	14.75	33.5	-	1.0	1.0	-	33.7	-	3.0	-	-	-	45	single pin
CR 2/3 AA SLF	6237 901 301	14.75	33.5	-	-	1.0	-	33.7	-	3.0	-	-	-	46	short pin
CR AA	6117 101 301	14.75	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.0	0.6	42	
CR AA SLF	6117 201 301	14.75	50.0	10.0	1.0	1.0	-	50.2	-	3.0	5.0	-	-	43	
CR AA LF	6117 301 301	14.75	50.0	10.0	-	3.5	2.1	50.2	2.5	-	-	-	-	44	
CR AA CD	6117 501 301	14.75	50.2	45.0	-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	
CR AA SLF	6117 701 301	14.75	50.0	-	1.0	1.0	-	50.2	-	3.0	-	-	-	45	single pin
CR AA WC <sup>1)</sup>	6117 201 390	18	51.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	wire &
															connector
CR 2/3 A	6238 101 301	17	33.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.0	0.6	42	
CR 2/3 A LF	6238 301 301	17	33.5	10.0	-	3.5	2.1	33.7	2.5	-	-	-	-	44	
CR 2/3 A CD	6238 501 301	17	33.5	45.0	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	

TAB. 7 Material: nickel plated sheet-steel, tag thickness: 0.15 mm till 0.25 mm. SLF: tip tinned, all types in green shrink sleeve. <sup>1)</sup> using connector: JST type: PHR2 (Other connector types available on request.) Custom made assemblies are available on request for large volume.

В





FIG. 49





FIG. 51

### 3.3 PERFORMANCE DATA

FIG. 52 – CR 1/2 AA FIG. 56 – CR 2/3 AA FIG. 60 – CR AA Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)





FIG. 54 – CR 1/2 AA FIG. 58 – CR 2/3 A FIG. 62 – CR AA Operating voltage vs. current drain, Voltage at 50% discharge





FIG. 55 – CR 1/2 AA FIG. 59 – CR 2/3 AA FIG. 63 – CR AA Cell capacity vs. discharge current FIG. 55 CR 1/2 AA



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FIG. 64 – **CR 2/3 A** Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 65 – CR 2/3 A Temperature characteristics Constant load 5.6  $k\Omega$ 

3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 0 TIME [h]

FIG. 66 – **CR 2/3 A** Operating voltage vs. current drain Voltage at 50% discharge



FIG. 67 – CR 2/3 A Cell capacity vs. discharge current



### 4. CR HIGH POWER PRIMARY LITHIUM CYLINDRICAL CELLS



### 4.1 TYPES – TECHNICAL DATA





CR 2/3 AH

CR 123 A

CR 2

Туре	Order No.	Nominal voltage (V)	Nominal capacity at 20°C, load (mAh)	Max. continuous discharge current (mA) (mA)	Weight (g)
CR 2/3 AH	6215 101 501	3	1500 mAh-200 Ω	1500	16
CR 123 A	6205 210 501	3	1500 mAh-200 Ω/2.0 V	1400	17
CR 2	6206 210 501	3	850 mAh-200 Ω/1.8 V	885	11

TAB. 8

Technical data, CR High Power Primary Lithium Cylindrical Cells <sup>1)</sup> Current value for obtaining 50% capacity <sup>2)</sup> in blister card (1 pc)

### 4.2 ASSEMBLIES

Type	Order No.	A	B	υ	٥	ш	L	U	т	-	¥	-	Σ	Fig. No.	Tags
CR 2/3 AH	6215 101 501	17.0 <sub>-1</sub>	33.9 <sub>-1.5</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.3 ±0.2	1.0	68	-
CR 2/3 AH SLF	6215 201 013	16.5	33.3	10.0	-	1.0	-	33.7	-	3.0	-	-	-	70	-
CR 123 A	6205 210 501	17.0 <sub>-1</sub>	34.5 _0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	1.29	68	-
CR 2	6206 210 501	15.6 _0.5	27.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.5	0.7	68	-

TAB. 9 Material: nickel plated sheet-steel, tag thickness: 0.15 mm till 0.25 m. SLF: tip tinned. Custom made assemblies are available on request for large volume.







FIG. 70

FIG. 68

FIG. 69

### 4.3 PERFORMANCE DATA

FIG. 71 – **CR 2/3 AH** Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 72 – CR 2/3 AH Temperature characteristics Constant load 5.6 k $\Omega$ 



FIG. 73 – CR 2/3 AH Pulse discharge characteristics









FIG. 75 – CR 123 A Discharge characteristics at room temperature (21°C)



FIG. 76 – CR 123 A Temperature characteristics Constant load 5.6 k $\Omega$ 



FIG. 77 – CR 123 A Pulse discharge characteristics

 $^{1)}$  Load: 0.9 A, 3 sec. on, 27 sec. off  $^{2)}$  After storage at 60  $^{\circ}$  C/100 days

FIG. 78 – **CR 123 A** Typical discharge curve Load: cont. 560  $\Omega$ Pulse load: 2 sec./min 3  $\Omega$ (parallel)









FIG. 80 – CR 2 Pulse discharge characteristics



FIG. 81 – CR 2 Discharge temperature characteristics



Primary Lithium Cells

### **Battery Selection**

In order to ensure optimum battery performance for the primary CR Button, the cylindrical CR High Power and cylindrical High Capacity cells, we suggest consideration of the following design-in requirements. They are the nominal and operating voltage, load current and profile,

**Design-in Considerations** 

**VARTA** Microbattery Primary Lithium Batteries offer lightweight packaged power for a variety of portable electric and electronic equipment. They are suitable as a main or standby power source for memory (RAM) and Real-Time clock (RTC) applications.

The Lithium Batteries are blocked from the power supply by means of a diode to prevent discharge of the battery into the DC supply during shut down.

The voltage drop across D1 should be taken into account as the minimum voltage of the load that has to be maintained under all circumstances.

Blocking diode D2 and D3 prevents the battery from being charged through the power supply. The amount of accumulated reverse current (IR) should be kept around 1% of the cell's typical capacity during its standby life time.

A maximum of 5µA continuously must not be exceeded.

In the absence of a DC supply voltage, the lithium battery supplies the load with the necessary power.

As diodes fail at low current levels by an alloy-effect causing a severe reduction in impedance, an additional safety device must be incorporated. the duty cycle, temperature requirements and shelf life for the application. These characteristics for each battery type must be evaluated against the design requirements to select the most appropriate product that fulfills these requirements.







FIG. 77



FIG. 78 Using 2 cells when 6 V is used in series

#### **UL-Recognition**

All **VARTA** Microbattery Lithium Cells and Batteries listed in Tab.10 are recognized by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. under UL-file number MH 13654 (N).

The cells are marked with the Recognized Component Mark.

Underwriters Laboratories requires for lithium cells/ batteries a circuit, which must contain a protective component to prevent charging. In case of diode failure a current limiting resistor must be chosen according to the values listed in Tab. 10.

Please also pay attention to the Safety Guidelines on page 34.

For safety tests of the cells, "UL" requires either an additional diode, or a resistor, limiting the current to a safe level of 4 mA (for all cylindrical CR  $\dots$  A(A) lithium mass cells).

It should be noted that the value of the resistor has to be calculated using the higher power supply voltage – not the battery voltage.

The supply voltage to the load can be calculated by the battery voltage drop across the diode and the resistor.

#### Printed Circuit Board Mounting

Never solder on the body of the battery directly, use a battery equipped with PC-mount terminals. When using automatic soldering apply 250–270 °C within 5 seconds. Make sure that the battery is not suspended or dropped into the soldering bath.

Do not heat above 80 °C to avoid leakage caused by deterioration in the battery's performance.



Button Cells 효 순	Max. safe reverse current acc. to UL	Cylind 순	Max. safe print reverse pro- current and acc. to UL sala
CR 1216	3 mA	High Capacity	
CR 1220	3 mA	CR 1/2 AA	4 mA
CR 1616	4 mA	CR 2/3 AA	4 mA
CR 1620	2.5 mA	CR AA	4 mA
CR 2016	4 mA	CR 2/3 A	4 mA
CR 2025	5 mA		
CR 2032	5 mA	High Power	
CR 2320	5 mA	CR 2/3AH	25 mA
CR 2430	15 mA	CR 123 A	10 mA
CR 2450	15 mA	CR 2	20 mA
CR 1/3 N	2 mA		

TAB. 10

All listed cells/batteries are recognized by UL-recognition.

### 5.1 SAFETY TESTS

For safety aspects please consult Varta Microbattery before performing these extreme tests:

**Compression Test** 1120 kg

- no significant electrolyte loss
- no rupturing
- In Short Circuit Condition 24 h. 0.10
- after 24 h the bottom of the cell is curved by only 0.1 mm; diameter unchanged
- no electrolyte creepage or loss

Result

Without changing of

the electrical values

the following Li-cell

can be exposed to

this vibration test:

CR 1/2 AA

CR 2/3 AA

CR AA

no rupturing

#### Test at 150°C for 2 Hours

- no electrolyte creepage or loss
- no rupture
- no fire
- no explosion
- open circuit voltage almost unchanged at 3.2 V
- the cell base bowed, causing cell height to increase by 1 mm, diameter unchanged

Puncture Test total Penetration of the Cell by a Nail Ø 3mm

- no splashing or pressurized electrolyte loss
- no rupturing

### Short Circuit

In table 11 the temperature is listed at short circuit at an ambient temperature of 20°C, 40°C and 70°C.

Ambient temperature	CR 1/2 AA	CR 2/3 AA	CR AA
20°C	24 °C	28°C	24 °C
40°C	50°C	50°C	47 °C
70°C	80°C	84°C	77°C

TAB. 11

### Vibration Test



TAB. 12

#### **Temperature Characteristics** FIG. 79

CR 1/2 AA, Temperature characteristics Conditions: 20 h/20°C: 15 kΩ, 4 h/at various temp.: 270 kΩ



### **5.2 SAFETY GUIDELINES**

#### Safety and Handling Issues

We recommend that attention begins to the design and implementation of our Lithium-Manganese Dioxide Button/Cylindrical Cells to ensure superior operating performance. With our Lithium-Manganese Dioxide Batteries, the appropriate precautions must be taken to avoid physical and electrical abuse, otherwise the batteries can be hazardous if not used properly. To avoid such incidents, we would suggest you review the following safety and handling precautions for your potential application:

- Do not heat. Nor dispose of in fire If heated, the plastic materials in the cell such as the gasket and separator may be damaged, causing leakage. The heat generated by a short circuit inside the batteries may lead to bursting or combustion. If disposed of in fire, batteries may violently rupture.
- Do not charge

(Lithium Primary Battery CR Series) When a Lithium Primary Battery is charged, gas is generated inside the battery and can result in swelling, heat generation, leakage, violent rupture or potential fire.

Avoid forced discharge

When batteries are force-over discharged with an external power source, the voltage drops to under 0.0 V (reverse electrode), and inner gas is generated. This can lead to swelling, heating, leakage, violent rupture and/or potential fire.

Do not short circuit

If the positive and negative terminals come into contact with each other or with a metal object, this can cause a short circuit, generating heat. If the batteries are stacked on top of each other or mixed, the resulting short-circuit can lead to heat generation, leakage, violent rupture or fire.

Do not disassemble, apply excessive pressure or deform

If a battery is forcefully disassembled, gas may be generated which may cause throat irritation, or the lithium metal may generate heat, causing fire. If deformed under pressure or under impact, distortion of the seal may lead to leakage, or a short circuit inside the battery may lead to potential safety hazards.

 Do not use with other battery types or old batteries with fresh cells
 If different types of batteries are used together, or fresh are used with old ones, the difference in characteristics of voltage, capacity, etc. may cause overdischarge of the battery which is exhausted first, leading to swelling, bursting or fire. ■ Observe the (+) and (–) polarity

If the batteries cell polarity is reversed by inserting the battery backwards, depending on the equipment, a short circuit or over discharging may result in a potential safety hazard.

Do not swallow

Store batteries in a safe location, out of the reach of babies and small children. Also, make sure that batteries cannot be easily removed from equipment in which they are used. If swallowed by mistake, consult a doctor immediately.

- Do not store in direct sunlight or rain Store batteries in a place not subject to direct sunlight. Make sure the area is dry and is approximately 20°C. Storage in areas with higher temperature, humidity or exposure to rain may cause deterioration in battery quality and durability.
- Soldering

Do not solder or weld directly to the cell's surface. Use preassembled cells with tabs or leads.

Do not throw into water
 This can result in corrosion and the generation of combustible gas.

The safety guide lines have been prepared in accordance with ISO/IEC guidelines. (second edition IEC 60086-4)

### 5.3 TRANSPORTATION OF VARTA MICROBATTERY LITHIUM CELLS AND BATTERIES

In general, Lithium batteries are subjected to transport regulations depending on the means of transportation. But all batteries sold by VARTA Microbattery which are listed in this handbook are not subjected to the transport regulations of dangerous goods<sup>\*</sup>, because they fulfil the following requirements (Special provisions ADR 188, IATA 45, IMDG 188, DOT / 49 CFR 173.185):

- The batteries do not contain more than 1 g of Lithium per cell respectively 2 g Lithium per battery.
- The batteries passed the safety tests according to clause 38.3 of the UN handbook of tests and criteria.
- The batteries are isolated in the packaging to avoid short circuits.

\*Transportation of primary Lithium Batteries in the USA

Effective December 29, 2004, the U.S. Department of Transport requires that the outside of each package that contains primary lithium batteries, regardless of size or number of batteries, is to be labeled with the following statement: "PRIMARY LITHIUM BATTERIES – FORBID-DEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIR-CRAFT". The labeling requirement covers shipments via highway, rail, vessel or cargo-only aircraft and covers all shipments inside, into or out of the US. The label must be in contrasting color and the letters must be 12 mm (0.5 in) in height for packages weighing more than 30 kg and 6 mm (0.25 in) in height for packages weighing less than 30 kg.

- The packs are marked with a warning notice that clearly states that the pack contains Lithium batteries and must be quarantined, inspected and repacked if damaged.
- The total mass must not exceed 30 kg per pack.

#### **General remark**

The exemptions from dangerous goods regulations are only applicable with respect to the delivery form/packaging in which the lithium batteries are dispatched by VARTA Microbattery. Any re-packaging or assembly of cells is in the responsibility of the customer and makes new safety tests necessary. Note that the maximum amount of lithium or lithium-equivalent according to special provisions 188 (ADR) or A45 (IATA) may be exceeded as a consequence of assembly. Used lithium batteries have to be handled like fresh ones.

We do not recommend to weld terminals to the batteries; this should only be done by qualified personnel.

## 5.4 APPLICATION CHECK LIST

Customer:		Application:	
Requested quantity:		Batteries per annum:	
Type of battery:	Primary power source:		MBU:
	U <sub>max</sub> :	U <sub>min</sub> :	U <sub>cutoff</sub> :
	I <sub>max</sub> :	I <sub>min</sub> :	l <sub>average</sub> :
	-max-	·mm·	average.
Current profile:			
Operating temperature:	max (°C):	min (°C):	average (°C):
Temperature profile:			
	may (°C);	$\min (^{\circ}C)$ :	
Storage temperature	max (°C):	min (°C):	average (°C):
Storage time:		Operating time:	
Dimensions:			
Remarks:			

#### **Product Portfolio**



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